

Unit 1 – Greetings & Introductions

In this unit you will learn how to greet, farewell, and acknowledge people and respond; to ask how somebody is and respond; to introduce yourself and others and respond.

A. GREETINGS, FAREWELLS & ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

i In Māori there are different ways of greeting people. This is dependent on various factors such as the occasion (formal or informal), who is being spoken to, how many people are being spoken to, who is leaving, who is staying and what time of day it is. Greetings will usually be followed by a kiss and a hug or a handshake and *hongi* (pressing of noses and forehead together).



Ngā Kupu Hou (Vocabulary)

Te Reo Māori (Māori)

kia ora
tēnā koe
tēnā kōrua
tēnā koutou
tēnā koutou katoa
mōrena
ata mārie
pō mārie
haere rā
e noho rā
ka kite anō
hei konā rā

Te Reo Pākehā (English)

hi, hello (informal greeting)
hello (formal greeting- 1 person)
hello (formal greeting- 2 people)
hello (formal greeting- 3+ people)
hello (to all of you)
good morning
good morning
goodnight
goodbye (to someone leaving)
goodbye (to someone staying)
see you later
goodbye (on the phone)


1. Whakatikaina ngā kupu kei raro iho nei.
Unscramble the words below.

- a. areeh ār _____
- e. tnāē ōkrua _____
- h. ātnē tkuouo _____
- i. e hnoo ār _____
- k. aik roa _____
- m. taa rimāe _____
- n. ehi onkā ār _____
- ng. ōp mrāie _____
- o. ak tkie nōa _____
- p. tēān oke _____
- r. tnēā okuout atkoa _____

2. Kimihia, tohungia hoki ngā rerenga kōrero mai i te mahi 1. Find and highlight the phrases from exercise 1.

T	N	M	T	M	Ā	E	A	T	E	O	E	U	E	O
H	Ē	I	Ē	K	O	R	E	M	N	I	H	N	I	G
K	P	N	N	K	F	N	Ā	G	O	W	P	R	R	K
P	T	E	Ā	H	A	R	E	N	H	M	M	B	Ā	A
U	D	N	K	K	A	W	U	P	O	T	L	W	M	U
H	Ē	E	O	M	O	E	E	E	R	K	A	I	A	R
T	K	R	U	O	Ō	U	R	M	Ā	M	I	O	T	Ō
N	U	N	T	G	A	R	T	E	W	O	A	E	A	K
A	P	C	O	N	R	T	E	O	R	S	W	W	H	Ā
O	U	G	U	T	A	I	U	N	U	Ā	E	H	K	N
P	Ō	M	Ā	R	I	E	M	H	A	K	I	I	W	Ē
U	K	T	R	D	K	M	R	N	I	N	A	G	I	T
O	I	K	P	H	P	O	R	T	T	O	H	T	U	P
Ō	N	A	E	T	I	K	A	K	R	K	M	W	O	H
O	T	I	U	A	J	E	H	A	I	E	T	R	T	A

i As with English, when addressing someone in Māori, we use their name or a special term of address (some examples are shown below), but there is a twist. If the name is Māori and has two short vowels or less, or has one long vowel, then e is added before the name e.g. e *Mere*, e *Mā*. If the name has more than two short vowels, or has more than one long vowel, e is omitted e.g. *Mereana*, *Māui*. This is the same for terms of address e.g. e *whae*, *whāea*. Non Māori names do not take e e.g. Allan.

 3. Tohungia ngā ingoa me ngā kupu kia tutuki ai tēnei mihi *Tēnā koe, e.....*

Highlight the names and terms of address that complete the following greeting, Tēnā koe, e.....


Tēnā koe, e.....

Seton	Maria	Hari
	Hēmi	Tenzing
Pita	Piripi	Hone
	Mikaere	Sidney
tamariki	whāea	kui
	hoa	pāpā
Mister	koro	māmā
	tama	kare

Ngā Kupu Hou (Vocabulary)

Te Reo Māori (Māori)	Te Reo Pākehā (English)
e hoa	friend
e kare	very dear friend
e tama	boy
e hine	girl
e pā	sir
e whae	madam
e kui	elderly woman, nanna
e koro	elderly man, grandfather
kōkā/whāea	mother/aunt
pāpā/matua	dad/uncle
tamariki	children



 4. Whiriwhiria ngā kupu e tika ana mai i te pouaka hei whakakī i ngā wāhi e wātea ana. Kia kotahi anake te whakamahi i ia kupu.

Choose the correct words from the box to fill in the blanks. Use each word once only.

- Goodbye!* to your friend as you leave. _____, e hoa.
- Goodnight!* to Seton. _____, Seton.
- Hello!* to your (2) very dear friends. _____, e kare mā.
- Good morning!* to Maria. _____, Maria.
- Goodbye!* to Pita who is leaving. _____, e Pita.
- Hello!* to a friend. _____, e hoa.
- Hello, children!* _____, tamariki mā.
- Hello!* to your male teacher. _____, e Pā.
- Good morning!* to your female teacher. _____, Whāea.
- Greetings to you all, elderly men and women!* _____, e kui mā, e koro mā.
- See you later!* to Mere. _____, e Mere.
- Bye!* to your dad, on the phone. _____, Pāpā.

Ka kite anō
Kia ora
Tēnā koutou
E noho rā
Tēnā koutou katoa
Haere rā
Pō mārie
Tēnā kōrua
Ata mārie
Mōrena
Tēnā koe
Hei konā rā